

JPL Real-Time Analysis Software



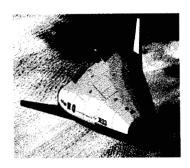
Background

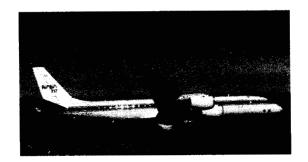
- Satloc's WADGPS services
 - State-spaced system using JPL's rtg s/w
 - In operation since Nov. 1996
 - Demonstrated dual-freq. DC-8 aircraft positions
 - < 50 cm vertical, 40 cm horizontal (rms.)
 - Sale of network to Fugro OmniSTAR
 - User services stopped in April of 2000.
- Prototype for FAA's WAAS
 - Software licensed by Raytheon



Enabling Software, part 1

- rtg (real-time GIPSY)
 - Contains precise models of GIPSY OASIS II
 - Can be embedded in real-time user equipment
 - X33 sub-orbital vehicle
 - NASA DC-8 SAR flights







Enabling Software, part 2

- rtnt (real-time Net Transfer)
 - Transfer GPS data from existing ground reference sites over the open Internet to JPL
 - Support LEO atmospheric occultations
 - Return 5 of the 6 data types at 1 Hertz, plus snr.
 - Phase resolution of 0.02 mm.
 - Range resolution of 1 mm.
 - Most LEO sites will have stable oscillators.
 - Provide users with global differential corrections over the open Internet from JPL



Why use the open Internet

Reliability

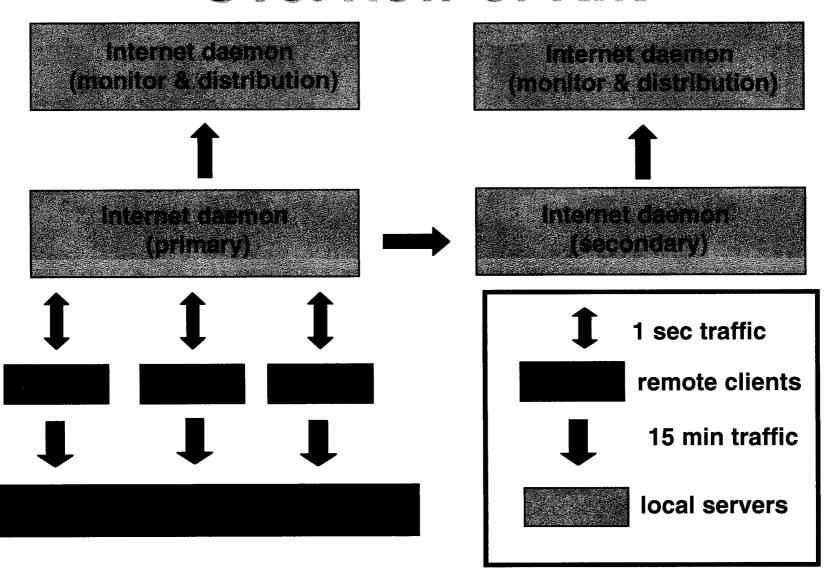
- Better short term reliability w/ VPNs, frame-relay
 - But not necessary to return 100 % of the data
- Better long term reliability w/ open Internet
 - Multiple world-wide sites provides data redundancy

Costs

- It's FREE!

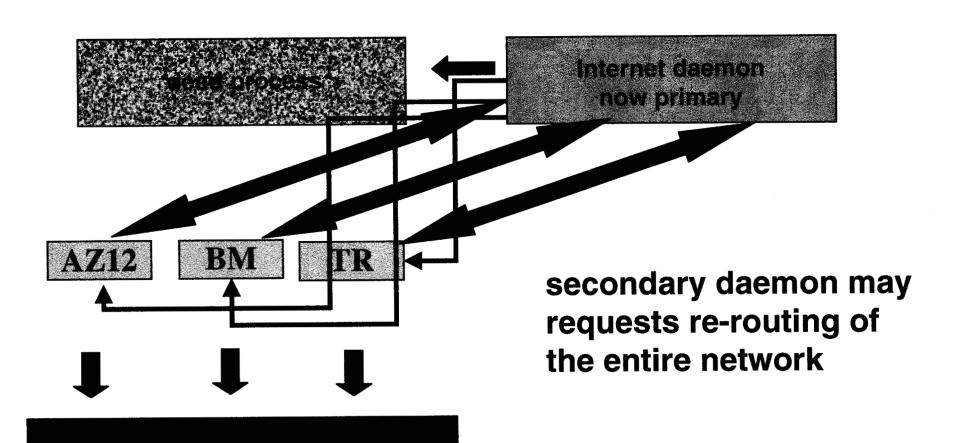


Overview of rtnt



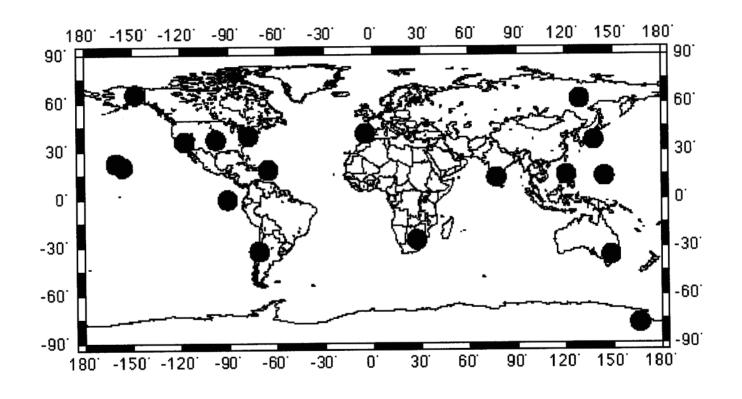


Backup Server Operations





Current network of ground receivers returning GPS data in real-time



AOA Benchmarks

Turbo-Rogues

Ashtech Z-12s



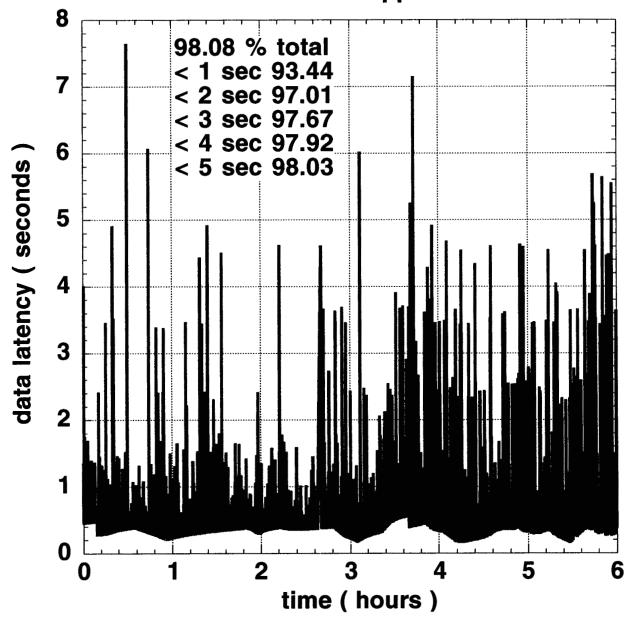
Future Sites

- Bogoto, Columbia
- Vsat link to Easter Island
- UNAVCO installation in Uganda
- Other possibilities:

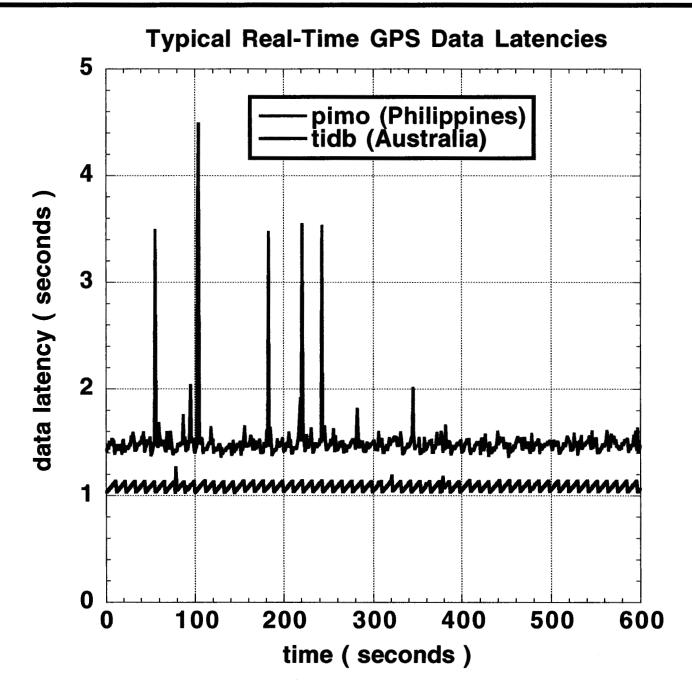
cice, Mexico (TR) iisc, Bangalore, India (TR)



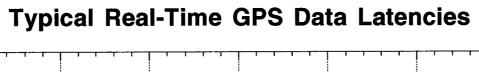
6-Hour Test of GPS-like Data Transmission from the Philippines

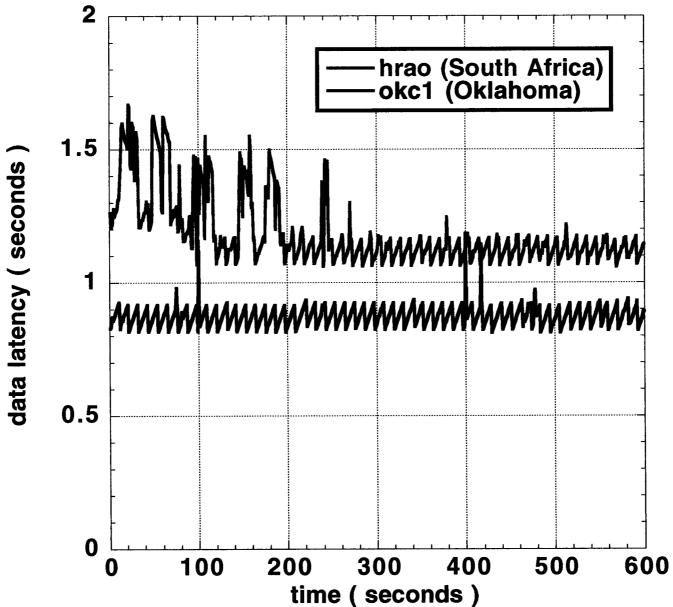






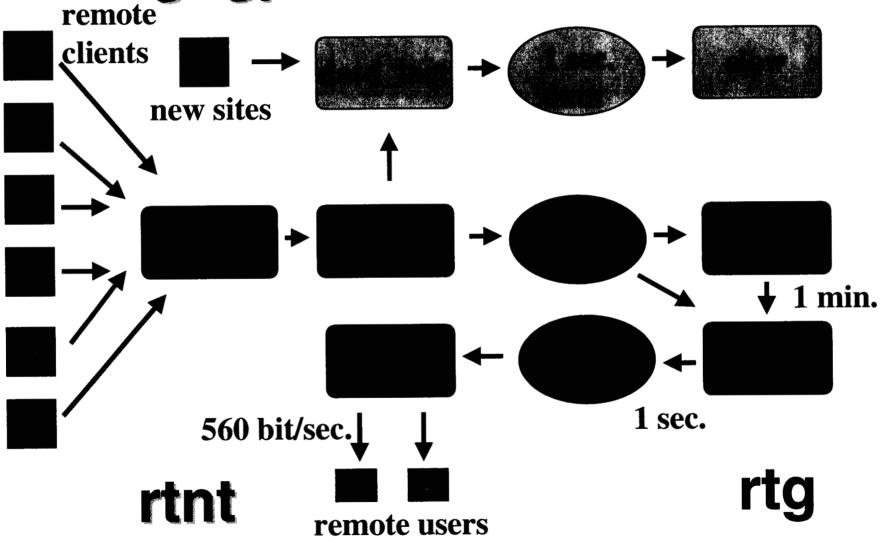








gdgps s/w overview

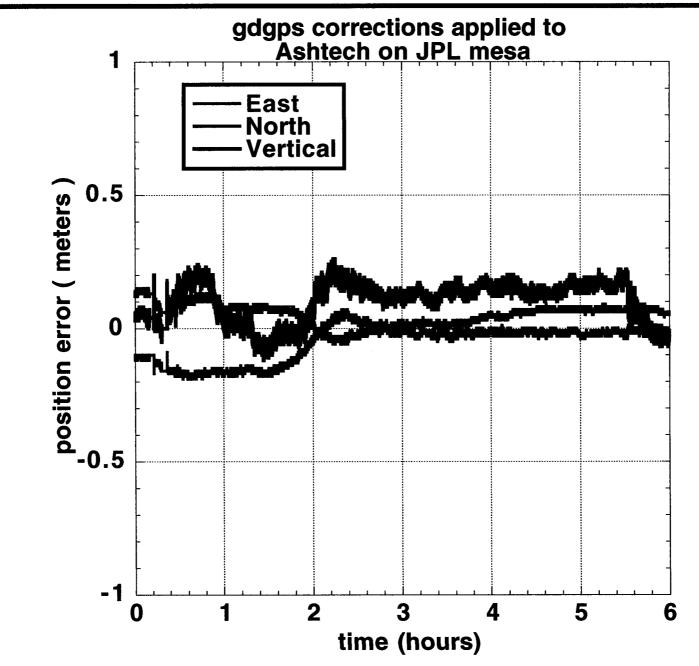




User Positioning Tests

- Stochastically position stationary GPS receiver at know location
 - Same s/w used on DC-8 flights
 - Replace Satloc CONUS corrections with gdgps corrections
 - JPL mesa Ashtech Z-12
 - Also running Z-12 in building 238







Point-Positioning Results

Recent 6 hour test results from JPL mesa

	Mean	Sigma	RMS		
East	-2	9	9		
North	1	5	5		
Vertical	10	8	13		
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Units are in cms.



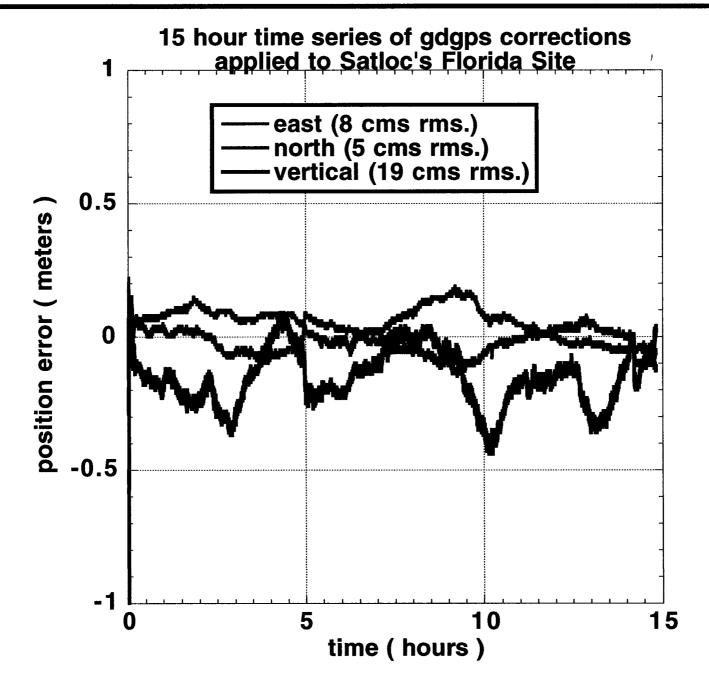
Point-Positioning Results

RMS of test results from JPL mesa

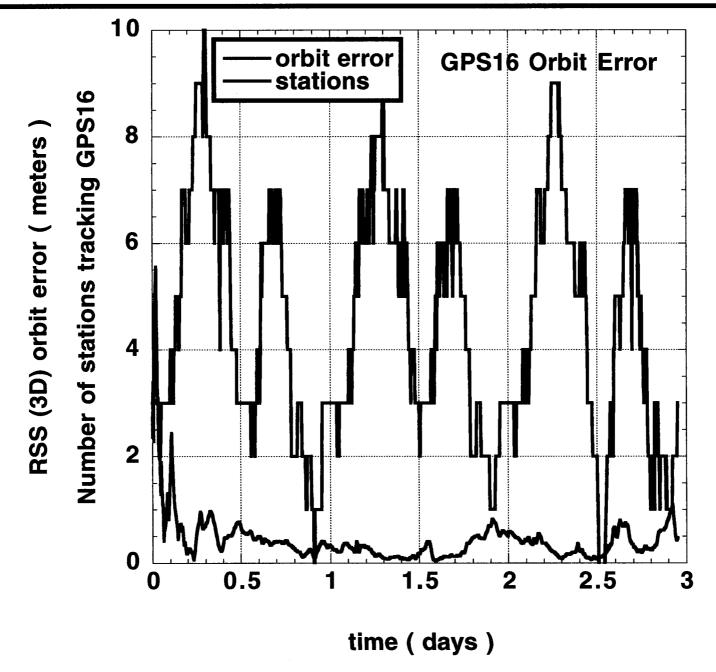
	18-	18-	19-	19-	19-
	May	May	May	May	May
	12:00	18:00	00:00	06:00	12:00
East	8	9	7	12	3
North	11	5	4	10	8
Vertical	20	13	14	23	10

Units are in cms.









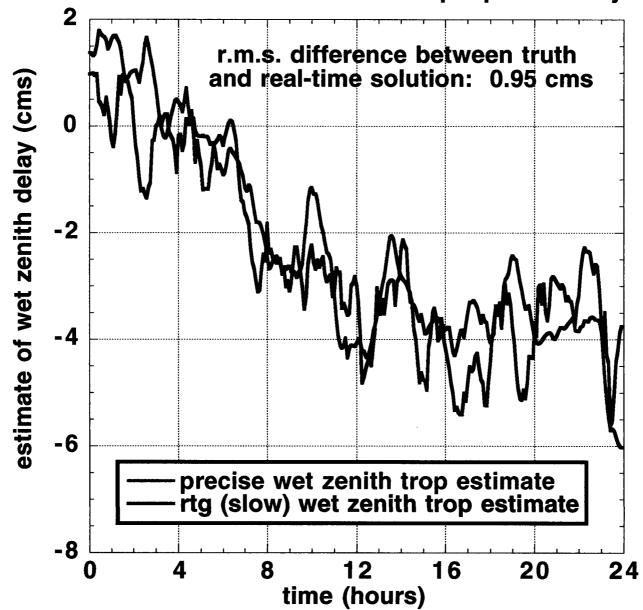


Current Orbit Error

- 30 CMS over North Western Hemisphere
 - RMS of 3D RSS
- 35 CMS global orbit error
 - Tuning orbits should yield 30 CMS globally









Summary

- Open Internet is reliable choice to return GPS data for state-space dual-frequency global differential GPS corrections.
- Why is this better than WADGPS?
 - GPS satellites continuously observed.
 - Optimized for dual-frequency user.
- 10 CMS Rms. horizontal accuracy.
 - Anywhere, Anytime.



What's Next

• Commercial partnership to provide SIS.

• \$1.4 M to implement NASA differential service (AIST NRA)



Acknowledgment

The work described in this paper was carried out by the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, under contract with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.